insti tutions continue to have a major interest in molecular biology and laboratory-based research, so it is likely that the disparity between what patients say they want and what research produces, will continue.

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Low breastfeeding rates and milk insufficiency

Muirhead et al have conducted a study which has shown that peer support does not increase breastfeeding rates. The Department of Health recommends exclusive breastfeeding for the first 6 months of life. In Muirhead’s study, the median duration of breastfeeding (in primigravidae) was only 7 days. This is so far short of Department of Health recommendations that we suggest thought should be given to pursuing an alternative approach.

The reason most frequently given by mothers for discontinuation of breastfeeding is milk insufficiency. It is clear therefore that advice to mothers should ensure the prevention (and if necessary treatment) of milk insufficiency.

We suggest that interventions to increase breastfeeding rates should be targeted at the prevention (and if necessary treatment) of milk insufficiency, and milk production should be confirmed by regular weighing.

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Business management in general practice should feature in the nMRCGP

Having completed my registrar training in September 2005, an area that I believe needs to feature clearly in the nMRCGP is business management related to general practice.

The existing examination comprehensively addresses knowledge base (MCQ); the ability to integrate and apply theoretical knowledge and professional values (written paper); decision making (oral); and the assessment of consulting skills (video). Having completed the MRCGP, I feel the exam has provided me with greater skills and confidence in many aspects of my life as a GP.

However, the existing exam does not focus enough on business management within general practice. Arguably, the oral component could explore this, but in my experience did not. During my registrar training, I learned a limited amount about business aspects through attending practice meetings, the occasional tutorial and reading through the weekly rags.

What I feel would be invaluable to all registrars would be to incorporate business management in the nMRCGP. This may take the form of an OSCE or viva station exploring common business dilemmas within the clinical skills assessment (CSA) component or integrated into the workplace based assessment (WPBA).

Making GP registrars more aware of business aspects within general practice will make them better prepared as they begin life as a GP, particularly with the evolving nature of the new contract and the underlying political forces that continually shape the future of general practice.

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Up-to-date findings show change in acute otitis media consultation trend

We write in reference to the paper by Williamson et al,¹ which reported that total consultations for acute otitis media (AOM) have fallen between 1991 and 2001. We conducted a similar study using the most up-to-date General Practice Research Database. Data were extracted for all AOM consultations for 0–18 year olds between 1 January 1991 and 31 December 2005.

We found a similar decline in paediatric AOM consultations between 1991 and 2001 (177.3 to 80.5 per 1000 person-years). However, with the inclusion of more recent data (2002–2005), we can see that the trend for the incidence of paediatric AOM consultations has actually stabilised since the year 2000.

This change in the incidence of AOM consultations may now suggest that the